

# Prevention through comprehensive research and investigation

#### INVESTIGATION/RESEARCH

#### Don't Get Nailed by a Nail Gun

In 2013, a male carpenter/laborer in his 30s died from head injuries sustained when a C Pak, 33 degree clipped head paper taped, 3-inch by 0.131 smooth nail from a Model F350S Paslode pneumatic nail gun entered his eye socket and lodged in his head. The Paslode nail gun used had been shipped with a sequential trigger, but the trigger had been "swapped out" with a contact trigger. He was reattaching the entry wall to the garage wall. To do so, he reached around the entry wall hanging around the corner using his right hand to hold the wall and his left hand (non-dominant) to hold the nail gun to nail inside of the wall joists back toward his body. A nail was found to be partially embedded in one of the entry wall studs. This could have been the result of a "double fire" or a nail that had not been removed from the stud as the wall was being repositioned. He was not wearing eye protection. He died several days later in the hospital.



## **IN ORDER TO PREVENT SIMILAR INCIDENTS IN THE FUTURE**

All pneumatic (air, gas, or electric) nailers rely on two basic controls: a finger trigger and a contact safety tip located on the nose of the gun. Trigger mechanisms vary based on: 1) the order in which the controls are activated, and 2) whether the trigger can be held in the squeezed position to discharge multiple nails OR if it must be released and then squeezed again for each individual nail. Full Sequential trigger: the safety contact tip must be pushed into the work piece then the user must squeeze the trigger to discharge a nail. Both the safety contact tip and the trigger must be released and activated again to fire a second nail. Contact trigger: fires a nail when the safety contact and trigger are activated in any order. Single Sequential trigger: the safety contact tip must be pushed into the work piece. Then, the user squeezes the trigger to discharge a nail. To fire a second nail, only the trigger must be released. Single Actuation trigger: trigger will fire a single nail when the safety contact and trigger are activated in any order. A second nail can be fired by releasing the trigger, moving the tool and squeezing the trigger again without releasing the safety contact tip.

- Use full sequential trigger nail guns. This is the safest type of nail gun trigger. Nails cannot be bump fired.
- **Provide Employee Training.** Training Topics (at a minimum): how nail guns work, how triggers differ, main causes of injuries, manufacturer tool manual availability and location, what to do if gun malfunctions, company work rules and procedures, and hands-on training.
- Establish nail gun work rules and procedures. Include: requirements to check tools, power sources, and work surfaces before operating; set up the operation so coworkers are not in the line of fire (watch for coworkers behind objects, e.g., drywall, sheet metal); use a hammer or positive placement nail gun when nailing metal joinery or irregular lumber; always shoot nail guns away from your body; rules when to disconnect the power source (compressed air, compressed gas or electric); for placement work, always keep hands at least 12 inches away from the nailing point; and recognize and minimize dangers of awkward position work and working at heights.
- **Provide personal protective equipment (PPE)**. At a minimum, companies should provide safety shoes, hard hats, high impact eye protection meeting the requirements of ANSI Z87.1, and hearing protection.

### **DID YOU KNOW?**

- About two-thirds of nail gun injuries in residential construction occur in framing and sheathing work.
- Seven major risk factors that can lead to a nail gun injury:
  - Unintended nail discharge from double fire (contact trigger)
  - Unintended nail discharge from knocking the safety contact with the trigger squeezed (contact & single actuation trigger)
  - Nail penetration through lumber work piece (all triggers)
  - Nail ricochet after striking a hard surface (e.g. wood knots, metal framing hardware, dense laminated beams) (all triggers)
  - Missing the work piece (all triggers)
  - Awkward position nailing (all trigger types particularly with contact & single actuation)
  - Bypassing safety mechanisms (all triggers)

MIOSHA Fact Sheet: <u>Dangers of Pneumatic Nail Guns with</u> <u>Contact Triggers</u>

OSHA: Nail Gun Safety Guide: A Guide for Construction Contractors (<u>English</u>) (<u>Spanish</u>)

NIOSH: <u>Nail Gun Safety</u>: <u>Straight Talk About Nail Gun Safety</u> Video: "Know Your Nailer: Nail Gun Safety" <u>long</u> / <u>short</u> / <u>Spanish</u>

Nail Gun Safety: <u>The Facts</u>

ASSE: Nail Gun Safety Guide

CPWR Hazard Alert: Nail Gun Safety

HA #19 3/18/14 REV 5/2/16 (NIOSH Videos)

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